Annual Factory Report of the Presidency of Bombay 1925

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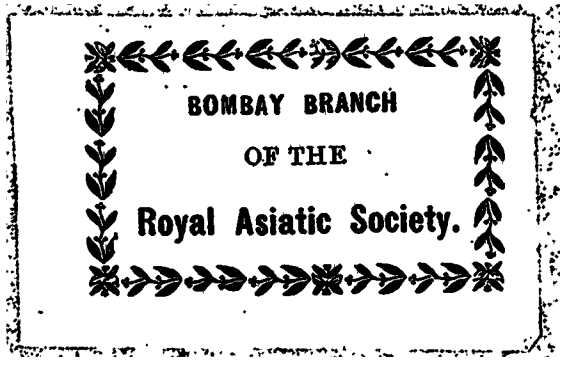

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No. F.I./4735 of 1926.

From

E. W. PERRY, Esquire, I.C.S.,
Ag. Collector of Bombay,
Bombay;

To

THE SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT,
General Department, Bombay.

Bombay Collector's Office,
Factory Department,
Old Custom House,
Bombay, 10th May 1926.

Subject :—Annual Report on the working of the Indian Factories Act for the year 1925.

Sir,

I have the honour to present the annual Factories Report for 1925.

2. The net increase in factories is 115 or 8·5 per cent. and of employees 15,600 or 4·4 per cent. The latter figure compares with a decrease of ·46 per cent. last year. The increase is mainly due to the registration of small concerns under the amended Act.

3. A great decrease of 13·6 per cent. occurred in the number of children employed particularly in Bombay City. There is not the same decrease in the number of children presenting themselves for certification. The percentage of those presenting themselves who received half time certificates was 10·6 in Bombay and 12·6 in Ahmedabad, those rejected for being already certified being 2·9 per cent. in Bombay and 52·6 in Ahmedabad. The Certifying Surgeon at Ahmedabad states that progress towards the elimination of double certification depends on the better co-operation of the employers there.

4. The increase in the number of serious accidents from 170 to 599 is as explained by the Chief Inspector due to altered methods of classification, but an increase in the total number of accidents by 19·5 per cent. to 3,115 has unfortunately to be recorded. This increase however only works out to ·1 per 100 employees and is probably due to better knowledge of the Workmen's Compensation Act and to the activity of the inspecting staff.

5. The Chief Inspector's report shows that the Department has worked well and smoothly and has secured some co-operation from employers. Only 27 factories against 52 last year were not

inspected during the year. Almost all the prosecutions instituted resulted in convictions. Mr. Brander who was in charge of the Department during the year asked me to bring to the notice of Government the hard and efficient work of the Chief Inspector.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

E. W. PERRY,

Ag. Collector of Bombay.

PROVINCIAL REPORT OF THE WORKING OF THE INDIAN FACTORIES ACT, 1911 (XII OF 1911), AS SUBSEQUENTLY AMENDED, IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR 1925.

I.—Factories and their Inspections.

1. During the year under report, the number of factories within the scope of the Factories Act increased by 115 to 1,460. The net gain was the result of the addition of 160 factories, while 45 factories were removed from the register. The factories added to the register were situated in the following districts:—

	Number of factories.	
Bombay City	41	Two hosiery factories, 2 flour mills, 1 cotton cleaning factory, 3 dye works, 2 dairies, 7 printing presses, 1 confectionary, 1 soap factory, 1 bucket factory, 1 oil mill, 1 glass bevelling works, 1 silk (artificial) manufacturing mill, 1 iron works, 2 soda water factories, 1 cotton press, 1 type foundry, 1 tannery, 1 machine works, 1 colour mixing works, 2 railway gas works, 1 railway works, 3 film making factories, 2 seed cleaning factories, 1 ginning factory, 1 thread yarn glazing factory.
Bombay Suburban	4	Two match factories, and 2 dye works.
Kolaba	2	One electrical generating station and 1 tile factory.
Nasik	3	One printing press, 1 iron works, and 1 ginning factory.
Ahmednagar	3	One cotton press factory and 2 extensions of ginning and pressing factories.
Poona	5	One stone dressing factory, 1 railway works, 2 water works, and 1 sugar and oil mill.
Sholapur	5	One cotton mill, 1 electrical generating station, and 3 ginning factories.
Bijapur	6	Four ginning factories and 2 separation of ginning and pressing factories.
Belgaum	2	One railway works and 1 separation of ginning and pressing factory.
Dharwar	14	One oil mill, 2 railway works, 6 ginning factories and 5 separation of ginning and pressing factories.

	Number of factories.	
East Khandesh	... 20	One railway works, 1 railway gas works, 1 cotton mill, 3 ginning and pressing factories and 14 separation of ginning and pressing factories.
West Khandesh	... 7	Three oil mills, 2 ginning factories and 2 separation of ginning and pressing factories.
Ahmedabad	... 15	Two oil mills, 2 flour mills, 8 ginning and pressing factories, 1 metal works, 1 iron and brass works and 1 magnesia works.
Kaira	... 6	One weaving factory and 5 ginning and pressing factories.
Panch Mahals	... 2	One flour mill and 1 cotton press factory.
Surat	... 5	One weaving factory, 2 railway works, 1 ginning factory, and 1 cotton press factory.
Broach	... 4	One flour mill and 3 ginning and pressing factories.
Karachi	... 4	One flour mill, 1 ginning factory, 1 railway gas works, and 1 engineering works.
Hyderabad	... 1	One rice factory.
Nawabshah	... 1	One ginning factory.
Sukkur	... 1	One wool pressing factory.
Upper Sind Frontier	. 1	One rice factory.
Larkana	... 7	Seven rice factories.
	160	

The factories removed from the register were situated in the following districts:—

	Number of factories.	
Bombay City	... 15	One cotton mill, 1 printing press, 6 iron foundries, 1 soda water factory, 2 motor repair works, 1 oil mill, 1 cotton waste cleaning factory and 2 repair works.
Kanara	... 2	One saw mill and 1 canning factory.
Poona	... 2	One engineering works and 1 printing press.
Sholapur	... 1	One metal stamping works.
Dharwar	... 1	One ginning factory.

	Number of factories.	
Ahmedabad ...	4	Two cotton mills and 2 ginning factories.
Kaira ...	1	One saw mill.
Broach ...	4	Three ginning and pressing factories and 1 silk mill.
Surat ...	5	Three weaving factories, 1 printing press and 1 cotton press.
Karachi ...	4	One hide press, 1 rice factory, 1 glass works, and 1 tile factory.
Hyderabad ...	1	One ginning factory.
Thar and Parkar ...	2	Two ginning factories.
Nawabshah ...	1	One ginning factory.
Upper Sind Frontier .	1	One rice factory.
Larkana ...	2	Two rice factories.
	45	

The increase in the number of factories has been chiefly due to the registration of small concerns employing approximately twenty persons in each. In several instances it has proved a difficult matter to establish whether such concerns are amenable to the Factories Act. This difficulty of course must necessarily follow from the legal definition of a factory which is a premises using power and simultaneously employing not less than twenty persons on any one day in the year. Frequent visits to the smaller concerns have been necessary to convince the occupiers that their premises are amenable to the Act. Information from the Bombay Municipality, however, is forwarded to the Factory Department when new small factories are erected, and licenses are only granted under the Municipal Act after an Inspector has reported that the provisions of the Factories Act as regards fire escapes, sanitary accommodation, drinking water supply, etc., have been complied with.

2. The number of factories that actually worked was 1,358 as compared with 1,211 last year, and of these 213 were perennial factories while 600 were seasonal factories connected with the cotton industry.

3. The number of operatives employed in all industries as obtained from the annual returns submitted was 370,460 as against 354,853 last year.

4. Of the 673 perennial factories, 181 were inspected once, 332 twice, 75 thrice and 73 more than thrice. Twelve perennial factories escaped inspection; but of these 8 were added to the register at the end of the year. Of the 685 seasonal factories, 530 were inspected once, 113 twice, 25 thrice and 2 more than thrice while 15 were uninspected. All these inspections were made by the

full-time staff who made in addition 2,269 special visits to enquire into accidents, or to see that the rest interval, the weekly holiday, and the notified starting and stopping times were observed.

5. *Staff.*—The full-time staff was the same as last year, and there was no change in the distribution of work. But an additional Inspector has been recently recruited. The spheres of action of the *ex-officio* Inspectors, the Public Health Officers and the full-time Certifying Surgeons remained the same as last year.

6. *Certification of children.*—This, as in previous years, was performed by full-time Government Certifying Surgeons in Bombay and Ahmedabad and elsewhere by medical officers appointed by Government.

II.—Sanitation.

7. The full-time staff and the additional Inspectors appointed with special reference to the health and sanitary sections devoted a considerable amount of time to securing improvements under this head. During the last few years a considerable improvement in the maintenance of good sanitation in mills in Ahmedabad has been made. At the same time, although mill authorities in Ahmedabad are paying more attention to sanitation, constant vigilance on the part of the staff was necessary at this place where the mill area is not provided with a water borne sewage disposal system. The Managers of two mills were prosecuted and fined for not maintaining the latrines in a sanitary state.

In Bombay a few mills have added arrangements whereby a regular disinfection of the latrines is effected, whilst in Ahmednagar several of the old dilapidated latrines have been rebuilt on more modern lines. In other mofussil areas advance has been made, but in a number of instances, it is not only difficult to find the necessary labour for cleaning purposes, but also to ensure, that latrines when provided are used. A large proportion of the operatives in seasonal cotton ginning factories prefer to follow the established custom in rural areas.

The maintenance of lime-washing registers has ensured a more regular compliance with the statutory provisions regarding lime-washing and painting.

III.—Ventilation.

8. Improved ventilation in several factories has followed the action taken by Inspectors who have convinced Managers of its necessity.

The wet kata cooling powers and the wet and dry bulb readings taken in a Sholapur mill in which a modern ventilating and humidification plant had been installed were recorded in last year's report. At the time, the readings were taken, similar readings were recorded in the other mills. It is satisfactory to be able to state that a second mill, at the cost of a lakh and a half of rupees,

is equipping several departments with similar plants. The mill in question has in the past relied largely on the use of steam for humidification and extremely onerous working conditions have resulted. The installation of the new plant will obviate the necessity of relying on steam, and the large capacity of the new plant as an air renewer, cooler and purifier, will result in a great improvement in working conditions.

The Agents of the Sholapur Spinning Mill have freely allowed representatives of the other mills to investigate the plant and their action in this direction has been much appreciated by the Factory Department and by mill authorities. The Government of India instituted special enquiries a few years ago into the atmospheric conditions in textile mills and the Report of the Adviser on humidification has been under consideration. His recommendations for a wet kata cooling power standard and preliminary humidification standards have been carefully considered and the Government of India have recently decided that further enquiries with respect to the cooling power standard should be prosecuted. It is hoped however to adopt preliminary humidification standards in textile mills.

IV.—Wages.

9. Wages have remained fairly steady. The most noteworthy strike occurred in Bombay, where a general strike of mill operatives lasted for over two months. The Mill Owners proposed to effect a cut in allowances but withdrew the proposal after the suspension of the Cotton Duties and the men speedily resumed work on the former terms.

V.—Employment of Women and Children.

10. The following table shows the number of women and children employed in Bombay and Mofussil for the past five years :—

Year.	Women.			Children.		
	Bombay.	Mofussil.	Total.	Bombay.	Mofussil.	Total.
1921	31,571	34,655	66,226	2,664	13,102	15,766
1922	31,579	35,939	67,518	1,498	11,894	13,392
1923	31,602	37,854	69,456	903	10,508	11,411
1924	32,990	39,689	72,679	836	8,943	9,779
1925	34,510	43,114	77,624	592	7,868	8,460

The total number of women employed is steadily increasing with the total number of persons employed. The percentage of women

in 1924 being 20·5 per cent. and in 1925 21 per cent. approximately, a slight increase. The total number of children employed shows a further decrease of 1,319 mostly in the mofussil.

The Certifying Surgeon in Ahmedabad continued to exercise great care in the certification of children and in preventing them from obtaining two certificates for work in two factories. An improvement in the recording of thumb impressions and identification marks has resulted in fewer detected instances of children working in two mills and it appears that the factory authorities have realised that an improved description of body marks by the Certifying Surgeon on the certificate enables the Inspector to exercise a better check. The number of children employed in the Ahmedabad mills have fallen from 6,925 in 1922 (when the amended Act which raised the lower age limit from 9 to 12 years came into operation) to 2,940 in 1925. It is clear from these figures that a considerable advance has been made during the last few years.

An enquiry into the "Sathi" system in Ahmedabad has been recently made by the Inspector and the Certifying Surgeon. Under this system, children are brought in from the villages to work in the mills under an agreement whereby the children are maintained by others who take in return the wages earned by the children. It has been alleged that the system has been abused and that such children are made to work in two mills. An enquiry from 10 per cent. of the children employed in Ahmedabad revealed the following :— 64 per cent. of the children examined lived with parents, 32 per cent. with relations and 4 per cent. with others. Of the 96 per cent. living with parents and relations, about one-third worked in two mills. Of those living with relations approximately one-half have no parents alive while none of those living with others knew if their parents were alive. The general appearance and physique of those living with parents did not appear any better than those living with relations and others. The enquiry appeared to show that the system is not in force to a great extent. The much more efficient control of certification introduced in the last few years has not only resulted in the employment of considerably fewer children in Ahmedabad but the number of children who successfully evade the efforts of the Certifying Surgeon and the Factory Inspectors have also been reduced.

The introduction of compulsory education in large towns will naturally result in fewer children being able to obtain two certificates and thus work in two factories but a proposal from the Government of Bombay to provide a penalty under the Factories Act for parents or guardians who either direct or allow children to so work has been incorporated by the Government of India in the Factories Bill at present under consideration. A few prosecutions of the parents or guardians will undoubtedly have a good effect in securing the obvious intention of the Legislature regarding the protection of child labour.

The prosecutions instituted in Sind last year for offences relating to the employment of women and children have had a good effect

and their irregular employment is not now as rife as formerly. It was necessary, however, to institute proceedings against a few concerns as a result of the surprise visits of the Assistant Inspector.

A considerable amount of attention was paid to the match factories in the Bombay and Thana districts. These concerns rely on the employment of a considerable proportion of women and children. One factory manager was fined Rs. 1,000 for the irregular employment of children, while a second, whose time table for the employment of children appeared to have been made out more in accordance with the Railway train service than with manufacturing needs, was suspected of keeping a close watch on the Inspector's movements. A joint visit by two of the staff from an unsuspected point of approach confirmed suspicions and a fine of Rs. 700 was imposed in the resulting prosecutions. A third match factory was prosecuted and fined Rs. 450 for the night employment of women.

More attention was given to seasonal factories in the mofussil and successful prosecutions were instituted in a number of areas as a result of unexpected inspections by the staff.

The full-time staff instituted 146 cases against 24 factories for the illegal employment of women and children. All these concluded were successful and fines varying from Rs. 5 to Rs. 55 were imposed. In addition 11 cases for the employment of women near openers in cotton pressing factories resulted in the imposition of fines of Rs. 25 and Rs. 40. The cases left over from last year resulted in convictions. In addition to the above, 41 cases against 7 factories for employment of women and children were taken up by ex-officio Inspectors and all resulted in convictions. Fines from Rs. 10 to Rs. 51 were imposed.

VI.—Fencing of Machinery.

11. Most of the Bombay mills have now fitted lap protector guards to the scutchers and their installation is being urged elsewhere. Considerable attention was given to the maintenance of the automatic guards on power presses. These have undoubtedly prevented serious accidents but constant vigilance by the staff is necessary to see that they function properly.

As a result of an enquiry by the Inspector, it is understood that the Karachi Municipality has appointed a special officer to deal with the fencing of machinery in small factories not amenable to the provisions of the Factories Act. Elsewhere, Inspectors have given advice regarding the safeguarding of dangerous machinery in such premises. In a few cases the owners are quite willing to carry out the suggestions but in most instances the advice falls on unreceptive ears.

The safeguarding of auxiliary machinery in mills such as roving end openers, hard waste breakers, etc., has received special attention

in the last few years and the Inspectors' efforts have been regarded by the almost entire suppression of serious accidents on this machinery. In the mills in Bombay for example only one serious accident on a hard waste breaker occurred. The Inspector had given instructions to provide an automatic lock on the cage doors prior to erection, and the Manager with every intention to provide it, allowed the machine to run for a few days unprotected. A serious accident occurred before the machine was adequately guarded and it was necessary to prosecute the Manager for failure to comply with the Rule. A direct result of this prosecution was the stabilising of approved guards for such machines in all the mills controlled by one of the largest textile firms, a course which not only saves the Inspector's time, but is also economical.

The Assistant Inspectors in Sind and the Southern Mahratta Districts paid special attention to the kappas openers in cotton ginning factories in these tracts. Several serious accidents in the past have occurred and although the machines are not inherently dangerous, the kappas is often fed into them in a very careless manner. Steps have been taken to guard the beaters in such a way that it is ordinarily impossible for either the leg or the arm to reach the revolving beater, while on a number of machines the slope of the feeding table has been altered so that there is less likelihood of operatives slipping into the feed mouth of the machine. In some factories the managers did not appreciate the need for additional precautions since one manager who had already had one serious accident and who had altered the machine at the instance of the Inspector was later found with a new machine running with the old faults. Considerable laxity in complying with the fencing of machinery in ginning factories formerly prevailed and managers usually counted on waiting until the next season before making any attempt to carry out the necessary orders. A second inspection has however impressed managers with the need of exercising more expedition in such matters while definite requests to them to report when the fencing and guarding has been completed has also helped to secure less delay in the compliance with orders relating to the fencing of machinery.

Prosecutions.

Two prosecutions were instituted for failure to fence dangerous transmission machinery in unregistered factories, wherein fatal accidents occurred. The accidents would probably not have occurred if the concerns had been under inspection. The occupiers were fined Rs. 100 in each case. The Courts doubtless took a somewhat lenient view since compensation under the Compensation Act was paid.

Six other prosecutions were instituted, two in Bombay and four in Ahmedabad for failing to safeguard machinery. All resulted in convictions and fines from Rs. 10 to Rs. 200 were imposed.

VII.—Accidents.

12. Details of the accidents for the last ten years are given below :—

Year.	Number of persons injured.				Average per 100 operatives employed.
	Fatal.	Serious.	Minor.	Total.	
1916 ...	23	87	1,102	1,212	·41
1917 ...	28	75	819	922	·31
1918 ...	39	128	698	865	·23
1919 ...	26	99	896	1,021	·27
1920 ...	33	108	768	909	·27
1921 ...	34	101	949	1,084	·31
1922 ...	42	88	980	1,110	·31
1923 ...	23	108	684	815	·23
1924 ...	82	170	2,354	2,606	·74
1925 ...	50	599	2,466	3,115	·84

The accidents classified as serious show a considerable increase over those for last year, while the "serious" accidents in 1924 were in excess of those in the previous years. During 1925 the dates of the return to duty of most of the injured persons have been reported. The period between the date of the accident and the date of the return to duty has been considered as the "absenteeism" resulting from the accident. The Government of India have laid down that accidents involving absence from work for 21 days or more are to be classed as "serious". In many instances operatives make a slight injury the reason for journey to their homes in the villages and in such cases the accidents are usually classed as serious owing to the failure of the injured persons to return to duty as soon as they are able to work. The present classification must inevitably show a considerable increase in "serious" accidents. The Inspectors formerly classified accidents on the extent of sustained injuries. Thus out of 339 "serious accidents" in Bombay only 76 involved injuries that resulted in either permanent incapacitation or affected earning capacity. The Inspector in Ahmedabad has also reported a considerable increase in serious accidents due to the same cause and also to the tendency of workers to remain away from work longer than is necessary. The bulk of the minor accidents occur in the large Railway shops and are mainly due to the circumstances within the control of the workers themselves. A number of them would not involve absence from work at all in other countries. An attempt, however, to reduce them by the

introduction of posters on Safety First principles is being made. It is hoped shortly to produce 4 coloured posters of safe and unsafe practices in such works.

Some serious and fatal accidents to young children have occurred in ginning factories through their careless admission into places where machinery is at work. The powers conferred by section 19-A have been utilised, and a general order prohibiting children between ages of 2 and 12 years from entering any part of the premises of ginning factories where machinery is at work has recently been issued.

Details of fatal accidents as under:—

	Number of persons killed.
Due to Machinery.	
By card—	
Four accidents	4
By belts and shafting—	
Twelve accidents	12
By cage door of Roving End Opener—	
One accident	1
By scutcher—	
One accident	1
By overhead crane—	
One accident	1
By coiler carrier wheel—	
One accident	1
By opener—	
One accident	1
Crushed in press—	
One accident	1
By calendar machine—	
One accident	1
	23
Not due to Machinery.	
By falling objects—	
Seven accidents	7
By burns and scalds—	
Ten accidents	10
By falls—	
Four accidents	4

Not due to Machinery—contd.

	Number of persons killed
By shunting operations—	
One accident	1
By suffocation—	
One accident	1
By electric shock—	
One accident	1
Miscellaneous—	
Three accidents	3
	27

VIII.—Prosecutions.

13. Two hundred and eighty-three prosecutions were instituted against 46 factories by the full time staff. Of these 279 resulted in convictions. One case failed while 3 were withdrawn. The 15 cases left undecided last year were concluded in the year under Report. They all resulted in convictions fines between Rs. 30 and Rs. 40 being imposed.

In addition to the above 41 cases were instituted by *ex-officio* Inspectors and convictions were secured in all cases, and fines were imposed from Rs. 10 to Rs. 51.

IX.—Housing of Factory Hands.

14. In Ahmedabad 120 rooms were built for factory operatives. The year was however not marked by any considerable provision of housing accommodation. Factory owners were inclined to await the advent of more favourable times. A standard plan of a cheap hut has been prepared with the approval of the Public Health Department. It will shortly be circulated to all ginning and pressing owners in certain areas and it is hoped an improvement in the living accommodation provided for temporary labour in these factories will result.

In Sind the Assistant Inspector has followed up suggestions of the Assistant Director of Public Health and factory owners have promised improvements.

X.—General.

15. Government have recently dispensed with the monthly return of holidays in the case of factories always observing Sundays as holidays and also for those factories observing the regular holiday list annually published by the Bombay Mill Owners' Association. This will enable a closer office check to be made of the returns from the small irregularly working concerns while the factories exempted are relieved from the necessity of sending redundant information to the Inspectors. The stabilisation of holidays in the mill industry in Ahmedabad as in Bombay would

appear to be advantageous to both the employers and employees, and it is hoped that the system introduced in Bombay will be extended to Ahmedabad.

During a tour in the Southern Mahratta Districts it was felt that the cotton cleaning operations in a number of the pressing factories were carried out under conditions which involved a considerable amount of risk in the event of fire. In a number of factories the cotton is hand beaten on cots made of "tattis" and it was usual to find four rows of women on the cots which are often bolstered up against the factory walls. Although the chances of fire are remote yet fires do occur in the hand process of beating and cleaning the cotton since matches find their way into the cotton in transit from the gin to the press. Under the conditions prevailing, the inside rows of women would not have as great an opportunity of escape as is desirable when loose inflammable cotton is being cleaned. A clear space all round the cots was insisted on. The managers readily agreed to this and the Assistant Inspector gave special attention to it in the factories cleaning cotton on the usual Southern Mahratta system.

In a few concerns exits were blocked by the manner in which cotton was stacked and cleaned. Care was taken to ensure adequate exits and one firm readily admitted the danger when it was pointed out and is extending the cleaning godowns in three pressing factories so that adequate spaces round the stacks will be available for the escape of the women operatives in the event of fire.

Dr. Bardi, the full time Certifying Surgeon in Bombay was endeavouring to draw up a standard of age with height and weight for children when his regretted death interrupted the enquiry. It is hoped that his successor will from the data available in Municipal Schools where age is definitely known and where height and weight can be accurately determined, be able to suggest suitable standards which will be a guide to mofussil Certifying Surgeons. Inspectors have reported a considerable variance in the physique of children certified in different areas.

16. *Structures.*—The Department has handled a number of important problems in connection with the strength of structure in factories. As a side issue of the collapse in the Guzerat Ginning Mill the actual loads carried by the columns in the three storied mills in Ahmedabad and Bombay were calculated and it was found that the columns in some of the former mills were considerably weaker than those in the Bombay mills, and of less strength than reasonable design indicated. Government were asked to lay down the conditions under which Inspectors should act in view of the powers granted them by virtue of section 18-A. of the Factories Act. In three Ahmedabad mills additional ground floor columns have been provided or the loads on them diminished by lightening the roof while in a few others the question is under consideration. In a new mofussil mill visited shortly after erection it was found that the blow room columns were very weak and the mixing floor

girders considerably overloaded. Rectification by means of additional columns and the strengthening of the girders was effected before the mill started working.

Government have directed Inspectors to advise the occupiers of new factories of the necessity of having factories competently designed with an adequate strength for the columns, and for the columns to be carried on suitable foundations. The Inspector in Ahmedabad has reported that the Agents of two mills where extensions had been planned agreed to increase the sizes of foundations and to provide stronger cast iron columns and walls. A Factory Inspector's legal power commences however after a factory is built, and although there are indications that Ahmedabad has learnt the lesson from the mill collapse, there is distinct need for a revision of the Municipal Bye-Laws respecting the planning and construction of new factories.

The weak mill referred to in last year's report has now built a new department. All the machinery in the upper floor has been removed and the upper storey demolished.

A Bombay mill found with rather dangerous cracks in the walls supporting the sprinkler tank erected a new structure to carry the tank and demolished the old walls. The tank was some 80 feet high and pending the erection of the new structure, the walls were carefully clamped and an insistence on the reduction of the water in the tank to a minimum was made. Regular visits were made by the staff to see that there was no extension of the damage.

A rather striking instance of the risks some persons will run, was found in an Ahmednagar ginning factory. The factory had not worked for some time and the engine foundations had settled in part to an extent that allowed excessive vibrations to be set up. These were countered by a shore to the walls. The walls were badly cracked as a result and a part collapse occurred. Despite this, however, it was intended to restart work with a timber shore from an excessively vibrating engine on to a damaged wall. The conditions in this concern were only detected by accident. Fortunately the collapse occurred during the period when the factory was closed down for some time. At Nandurbar a similar case was discovered. Inspection of this area was not due for some months but the Inspector was directed to visit the area for a special check on the employment of women. The factory was prohibited from working until the defects in the engine foundations were rectified and the walls dismantled and replaced by corrugated iron. It is highly probable that a collapse with loss of life was thus prevented. The accidental nature of the discovery illustrated the need for information to be sent to the Factory Department in the case of dangerous occurrences. This was represented some time ago and has been accepted by the Government of India by its incorporation in the Factories Bill now under consideration.

17. A disastrous explosion occurred in a Colombo oil installation some time ago. As similar installations exist in Bombay and Karachi, a report on the cause of the accident was obtained and an

examination into the conditions in these concerns was made. The Managers readily agreed with suggestions made to ensure increased safety, but as the installations are specially examined by the Explosives Department from the point of view of explosion risk the matter was referred to that Department.

18. Three cinematograph film making factories were added to the Register during the year and care was taken to ensure that the special regulations in force in England in such concerns were followed where necessary.

19. An enquiry into the working conditions and practices in train gas lighting manufacturing factories was made and, as a result, Government notified such concerns as factories under section 2 (3) (*b*) of the Act, and some very necessary alterations are in course of completion. A hotel basement laundry has at the instance of the Department, tested the whole of the plant and provided safety valves and reducing valves so that steam heated calenders will not be exposed to excessive pressure.

20. The High Court sent the Khandesh fire case for retrial owing to an illegality committed by the trying Magistrate and the cases arising out of this accident are still, under trial. The High Court held, however, the "Occupier" under the Factories Act included trustees under the will of a deceased occupier.

21. The major municipalities appear to be nearing the time when compulsory education will be introduced. The figure mentioned in last year's Report regarding the education of factory children in Ahmedabad referred more to the number of children of the mill operatives receiving instruction than to the actual number of children working in factories and receiving education at the same time. It seems that few children attend the labour union schools in Ahmedabad after the age, namely, 12 years, when employment in factories can be secured.

22. *Fires.*—A flour mill in Sind was completely destroyed by fire; one man lost his life in the conflagration.

23. The usual statements are attached. Statements II and III have been revised.

24. The statutory Notifications issued during the year are included in the schedule.

25. Finally it should be stated that both the inspection and clerical staff worked very satisfactorily during the year.

W. H. PHILLIPS,
Acting Chief Inspector of Factories,
Bombay Presidency.

Factory Inspection Office,
Old Custom House, Fort,
Bombay, 7th May 1926.

SCHEDULE.

STATUTORY NOTIFICATIONS.

(EXEMPTIONS.)

I. Government Notification, General Department, No. 3224, dated 9th January 1925, under section 30 (1) (*c*), granted exemptions to the sugar factories from the provisions of sections 21 and 22 for work necessitating continuous production for technical reasons.

II. Government Notification, General Department, No. 3224, dated 4th February 1925, granted exemption under section 30 (2) to Messrs. T. Cosser and Company from sections 22, 27 and 28 subject to the following conditions :—

(*a*) Sixty-nine hours a week.

(*b*) Exemption limited to the staff required to make the army petrol tanks and up to the 31st March 1925.

III. Government Notification, General Department, No. 3224, dated 11th February 1925, granted powers to the Chief Inspector of Factories (to grant exemption) when exceptional press of work exists in any factory to exempt such factory, from all or any other provisions of sections 21, 22, 27 and 28 of the Act for such period and on such conditions if any as he may declare by written order to be necessary subject to the condition that Government may confirm, modify or rescind the order.

IV. Government Resolutions, General Department, No. 3224, dated 11th May 1925 and 8th June 1925, confirmed exemptions granted under sections 22, 27 and 28, to the Vulcan Iron Factory, on the following conditions :—

(*a*) that the staff required to build the Lalamusa Railway Bridge and the anchor boat for the Sukkur Barrage to work up to 69 hours a week.

(*b*) Exemption period to be in force up to 30th June 1925.

V. Government Resolution, General Department, No. 3224, dated 29th May 1925, confirmed exemptions granted to the Apollo Mills under sections 27 and 28 on the following conditions :—

(*a*) the exemption to be limited to the calendering department and to male adults only,

(*b*) daily hours limited to 12,

(*c*) exemption is limited to 15 days.

VI. Government Resolution, General Department, No. 3224, dated 1st July 1925, confirmed exemptions granted to the Sassoon Mill under section 27 on the following conditions :—

(*a*) the work in the sizing department for 66 hours a week,

(*b*) exemption to be in force till 31st August 1925.

VII. Government Resolution, General Department, No. 3224, dated 13th July 1925, confirmed exemptions granted to the Laxmi and Vishnu Cotton Mills under sections 22 and 27 to the adult

male stock taking staffs for two weeks subject to persons being employed for 10 hours over-time in either weeks.

VIII. Government Resolution, General Department, No. 3224, dated 10th August 1925, confirmed exemptions granted to Messrs. Richardsons and Cruddas under sections 27 and 28 subject to the conditions :—

(*a*) staff required to make new sprinkler tank and structure for the Manockji Petit Mill,

(*b*) daily hours limited to 12,

(*c*) weekly hours limited to 72.

IX. Government Resolution, General Department, No. 3224, dated 15th August 1925, confirmed exemptions granted to Karachi Steam Roller Flour Mill under section 22 in respect to the substituted holiday for Sunday the 12th July 1925.

X. Government Resolution, General Department, No. 3224, dated 1st July 1925 and 17th August 1925, confirmed exemptions granted to McKenzies, Limited, under section 22 in respect of Joinery Department for weekly holidays in June and July 1925.

XI. Government Resolution, General Department, No. 3224, dated 3rd September 1925, confirmed exemptions granted to the E. D. Sassoon Turkey Red Dye Works under section 22 for the substituted holiday for Sunday the 9th August 1925 provided a holiday is given to each person later in the week.

XII. Government Resolution, General Department, No. 3224, dated 19th October 1925, confirmed exemptions granted to Vishnu Cotton Mill under section 22 subject to the condition that

the male adult staff of the folding staff for the substituted holiday for Sunday the 4th October 1925.

XIII. Government Resolution, General Department, No. 3224, dated 13th November 1925, confirmed exemptions granted to the Nesbit Road Iron Foundry, under section 22 to the staff required to complete the urgent work for ginning factories for the weekly holiday for Sunday the 25th October 1925.

XIV. Government Resolution, General Department, No. 3224 dated 21st November 1925, confirmed exemptions granted to the Dun Alluminium Factory, under sections 21, 27 and 28 subject to the conditions :—

(*a*) daily hours limited to 12,

(*b*) working hours for Wednesdays limited to 10,

(*c*) exemption applies to male adult staff of six pressmen, five rollermen and four labourers,

(*d*) the exempted period is from 7th November 1925 to 7th December 1925.

XV. Government Resolution, General Department, No. 3224, dated 23rd December 1925, confirmed exemptions granted to Messrs. T. Cosser and Company, under sections 21 and 28 to the

staff required in connection with the alterations to a copper steam pipe for Keamari Installation for the 24th October 1925.

XVI. Government Resolution, General Department, No. 3224, dated 19th January 1926, confirmed exemptions granted to the Dawn Mill and Phoenix Mills under section 22 in respect of the weekly holiday for Sunday the 27th December 1925 subject to the substituted holiday on 31st December 1925 to be given to the staff.

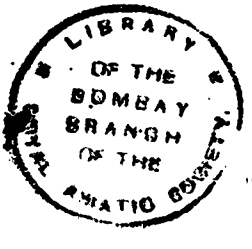
XVII. Government Resolution, General Department, No. 3224, dated 26th January 1926, confirmed exemptions granted to the Laxmi and Vishnu Cotton Mills under section 30 (2) from the provisions of sections 22 and 27 in respect of weekly holidays for 30th and 31st December 1925, subject to the conditions that no person to work on both the days and that no person to work for more than 10 hours overtime in either week.

OTHER NOTIFICATIONS.

I. Section 2 (3) (*b*).—Government Notification, General Department, No. 4238, dated 28th April 1925, extended the Act to a glass bevelling premises employing more than ten persons and situated at No. 502, Tardeo, Bombay.

II. Government Notification, General Department, No. 4298, dated 26th August 1925, extended the Act to small six power factories in Ahmedabad employing between 10 and 20 persons.

III. Government Notification, General Department, No. 5646, dated 10th October 1925, extended the Act to all gas works wherein gas is manufactured for train lighting purposes and wherein more than ten persons are simultaneously employed.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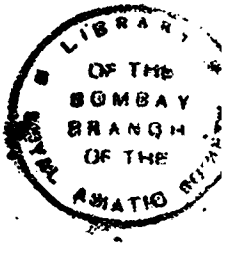
STATEMENT No. I.



STATEMENT

Total of

District.	Town and Island of Bombay.	Ahmedabad.	Broach.	Kaira.	Panch Mahals.	Surat.	Thána.	Bombay Suburban.	East Khándesh.	West Khándesh.	Násik.
Factories as defined in section 2 (3) (a) of the Act.	346	163	47	20	12	57	11	30	149	72	18
Factories notified under section 2 (3) (b) of the Act.	11	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
Total for the year 1924 ...	330	186	44	13	10	50	9	31	142	66	15
Total for the year 1923 ...	304	145	46	14	10	42	5	20	137	68	12

No. I.

Working Factories.

Poona.	Sholápur.	Ahmednagar.	Sátára.	Belgaum.	Bijápur.	Dhárwár.	Kolába.	Kánara.	Hyderabad.	Karáchi.	Sukkur.	Thar and Párkar.	Nawábsháh.	Upper Sind Frontier.	Lárkhána.	Total.
32	33	28	3	30	37	81	8	5	14	49	16	9	16	5	44	1,335
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	.	5	...	...	...	...	...	23
29	30	25	3	25	24	67	6	7	12	55	14	9	16	4	39	1,211
20	28	19	1	26	19	56	2	4	12	45	13	11	16	4	41	1,120

STATEMENT

Enumeration of

Industry.	Town and Island of Bombay.	Ahmedabad.	Broach.	Kaira.	Panch Mahals.
1. Government and Local Fund Factories.					
Army clothing ...	...	...	...	...	...
Breweries and distilleries ...	...	...	...	...	1
Brick and tiles ...	...	...	...	...	...
Carpentry ...	...	...	...	...	...
Cotton mills ...	...	...	...	...	...
Dockyards ...	1	...	...	...	...
Electrical Engineering ...	...	...	...	...	...
Engineering (General) ...	14	...	..	...	...
Forage presses ...	...	...	...	...	..
Foundries ...	...	...	...	...	...
Gas-works ...	1	...	...	...	...
Jute mills ...	...	...	...	...	...
Leather and shoes ...	...	...	...	...	...
Mints ...	1	...	...	.	...
Ordnance factories ...	...	..	...	...	...
Printing presses ...	2	...	.	...	...
Railway workshops ...	5	...	...	...	...
Saw mills	...	...	.	...	...
Stone dressing ...	...	...	...	...	..
Tanneries ...	...	...	...	...	...
Telegraphs ...	1	...	...	...	...
Water pumping stations ...	...	...	..	...	...
Woollen mills ...	...	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous ...	1	...	...	...	...
Total ...	26	...	...	...	1
2. All other Factories.					
Textiles. Cotton (Spinning, Weaving and other) factories ...	84	74	5	2	...
Textiles. Hosiery ...	2	1	...	...	...
Textiles. Jute mills ...	...	...	...	...	...
Textiles. Silk mills ...	2	...	...	...	...
Textiles. Woollen mills ...	2	...	...	...	...
Textiles. Miscellaneous ...	1	...	...	...	...
Total ...	91	75	5	2	...

No. II.

Factories.

Surat.	Thána.	Bombay Suburban.	East Khándesh.	West Khándesh.	Násik.	Poona.	Sholápur.	Ahmednagar.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...
...	...	...	2	...	2	1	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	1	5	5	...	...	...	9	...

STATEMENT

Industry.	Sátára.	Belgaum.	Bijápur.	Dhárwár.	Kolába.
1. Government and Local Fund Factories.					
Army clothing ...	...	...	...	...	...
Breweries and distilleries ...	...	1	...	...	...
Brick and tiles ...	...	...	...	...	...
Carpentry ...	...	...	...	...	...
Cotton mills ...	...	...	...	...	...
Dockyards ...	...	...	...	...	...
Electrical Engineering ...	...	...	...	...	..
Engineering (General) ...	...	...	...	...	...
Forage presses ...	...	...	...	...	..
Foundries ...	...	...	...	...	...
Gas-works ...	...	...	...	...	...
Jute mills ...	...	...	...	..	...
Leather and Shoes ...	...	...	...		...
Mints ...	...	...	...	...	...
Ordnance factories ...	...	...	...	...	...
Printing presses ...	...	...	...	...	...
Railway workshops ...	...	...	...	...	...
Saw mills ...	...	...	...		...
Stone dressing ...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanneries ...	...	...	...	...	...
Telegraphs ...	...	...	...	...	...
Water pumping stations ...	...	...	...	...	...
Woollen mills ...	...	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	1	...	...	...
2. All other Factories.					
Textiles. Cotton (Spinning, Weaving and other) factories ...	1	2	...	2	...
Textiles. Hosiery ...	...	...	...	...	...
Textiles. Jute mills ...	...	...	...	...	...
Textiles. Silk mills ...	...	...	...	...	...
Textiles. Woollen mills ...	...	...	..	...	...
Textiles. Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	1	2	...	2	...

No. II—*continued.*

Kánara.	Hyderabad.	Karáchi.	Sukkur.	Thar and Párkar.	Nawábsháh.	Upper Sind Frontier.	Lárkhána.	Total.	Total for the year 1924.	Total for the year 1923.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	18	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...
3	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	15	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
3	...	8	2	...	...	...	...	57	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	194	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	205	...	...

STATEMENT

Industry.	Town and Island of Bombay.	Ahmedabad.	Broach.	Kaira.	Panch Mahals.
2. *All other Factories*—continued.					
Engineering.					
Coach building and motor car repairing.	13	...	...	...	...
Electrical engineering ...	2	...	...	...	...
Electrical generating and transforming stations.	1	...	...	...	...
General engineering ...	19	7	...	...	...
Kerosine tinning and packing.	5	...	..	...	...
Metal stamping ...	30	2	...	...	...
Railway workshops ...	2	...	...	...	1.
Ship building and engineering.	2	...	...	...	...
Steel trunk, lock and cutlery...	1	...	...	...	...
Tramway works ...	1	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	66	9	...	...	1
Minerals and Metals.					
Copper smelting ...	...	..	...	...	...
Foundries ...	12	4	...	...	...
Iron and steel smelting and steel rolling mills.	...	...	...	...	...
Lead smelting and lead rolling mills.	...	...	...	...	...
Mica ...	...	...	...	...	...
Petroleum refineries ...	...	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	12	4	...	...	...
Food, Drink and Tobacco.					
Bakeries, biscuit and confectionery.	3	...	...	...	...
Breweries and distilleries ...	...	.	...		...
Coffee ...	1	...	...	...	...
Dairy produce ...	2	...	...	...	.
Flour mills ...	12	3	1	...	2
Food canning and bottling ...	...	...	...	...	...
Ice and aerated waters ...	18	...	...	...	...
Rice mills ...	...	..	...	1	...
Sugar ...	...	...	...	...	...
Tea ...	...	...	...	...	...
Tobacco ...	...	...	...	...	...
Water pumping station ...	...	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous ...	2	...	...	...	...
Total ...	38	3	1	1	2

No. II—*continued.*

Surat.	Thána.	Bombay Sub-urban.	East Khán-desh.	West Khán-desh.	Násik.	Poona.	Sholápur.	Ahmednagar.
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
...	1	1	...	...	1	2	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...
2	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	1	2	...	...	1	6	3	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7
2	3	3	...	...	...	2	...	8

STATEMENT

	Industry.	Sátára.	Belgaum.	Bijápur.	Dhárwár.	Kolába.
2.	*All other Factories*—continued.					
Engineering.	Coach building and motor car repairing.	...	...	...	...	...
	Electrical engineering ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Electrical generating and transforming stations.	...	...	...	...	3
	General engineering ...	1	...	...	...	1
	Kerosine tinning and packing.	...	...	...	...	...
	Metal stamping ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Railway workshops, ...	...	1	...	4	...
	Ship building and engineering.	...	...	...	...	...
	Steel trunk, lock and cutlery .	...		...	..	...
	Tramway works ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	1	1	...	4	4
Minerals and Metals.	Copper smelting ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Foundries ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Iron and steel smelting and steel rolling mills.	...	...	...	...	...
	Lead smelting and lead rolling mills.	...	...	...	...	...
	Mica ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Petroleum refineries ...	...	...		...	...
	Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	...	...	...	...	...
Food, Drink and Tobacco.	Bakeries, biscuit and confectionery.	...	...	...	...	...
	Breweries and distilleries ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Coffee ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Dairy produce ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Flour mills ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Food canning and bottling ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ice and aerated water ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Rice mills ...	...	...	...	...	2
	Sugar ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tea ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tobacco ...	...	1	...	...	...
	Water pumping stations ..	...	...	...	...	...
	Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	...	1	...	...	2

No. II—*continued.*

Kánara.	Hyderabad.	Karáchi.	Sukkur.	Thar and Párkar.	Nawábsháh.	Upper Sind Frontier.	Lárkhána.	Total.	Total for the year 1924.	Total for the year 1923.
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	16	...	...
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	...
...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	40	...	...
...	...	4	...	...	...	..	...	9	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	...	...
..	...	...		...	...	...	...	2	...	...
...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	1	..	...
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...
...	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	117	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	17	...	...
...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
										...
...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
...	...	5	1	...	...	...	...	25	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	19	...	...
...	3	1	11	...	...	4	44	70	...	...
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	6	...	...	...	...	..	15	...	...
...	3	14	12	...	...	4	44	143	...	...

STATEMENT

Industry.		Town and Island of Bombay.	Ahmedabad.	Broach.	Kaira.	Panch Mahals.
2. *All other Factories*—continued.						
Chemicals, Dyes, etc.	Bone and Manures ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Chemicals ...	1	...	...	...	...
	Dyeing and Bleaching ...	18	3	...	...	...
	Gas works ...	2	...	...	...	...
	Indigo ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Lac ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Matches ...	...	2	...	...	...
	Oil mills ...	9	5	...	1	1
	Paints ...	1	...	...	...	...
	Soaps ...	2	...	...	...	...
	Turpentine and Rosin ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Miscellaneous ...	6	1	...	...	...
	Total ...	39	11	...	1	1
Paper and Printing.	Paper mills ...	2	...	...	...	...
	Paper Pulp ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Printing, Book-binding, etc.	49	1	...	...	...
	Miscellaneous ...	5	...	...	...	...
	Total	56	1		...	...
Processes relating to Wood, Stone and Glass.	Brick and Tiles ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Carpentry and Cabinet-making.	2	...	...	...	...
	Cement, Lime and Pottery.	...	...	...	...	...
	Glass ...	2	...	...	...	...
	Saw mill ...	4	...	...	...	...
	Stone dressing ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Miscellaneous ...	1	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	9	...	...	...	...
Processes connected with Skins and Hides.	Leather and Shoes ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tanneries ...	1	...	...	...	...
	Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	1	...	...	...	...
Gins and presses.	Cotton ginning and Baling.	16	65	41	16	7
	Jute presses ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	16	65	41	16	7

No. II—*continued.*

Surat.	Thána.	Bombay Suburban.	East Khándesh.	West Khándesh.	Násik.	Poona.	Sholápur.	Ahmednagar.
...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	1	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	...	...	1	6	...	1	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	3	15	1	6	...	1	...	.
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	1	2	...	...	...	12	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	..
1	1	2	...	...	...	14	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
41	...	...	140	64	13	...	21	19
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...
41	...	...	140	66	13	...	21	19

STATEMENT

Industry.		Sátara.	Belgaum.	Bijápur.	Dhárwár.	Kolába.
2. All other Factories—continued.						
Chemicals, Dyes, etc.	Bone and Manures ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Chemicals ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Dyeing and Bleaching ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Gas works ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Indigo ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Lac ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Matchs ...	1	1	...	...	...
	Oil mills ...	...	1	1	1	...
	Paints ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Soaps ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Turpentine and Rosin ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	1
	Total ...	1	2	1	1	1
Paper and Printing.	Paper mills ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Paper Pulp ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Printing, Book-binding, etc.	...	...	...	...	...
	Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	...	...	...	...	...
Processes relating to Wood, Stone and Glass.	Brick and Tiles ...	...	1	...	...	1
	Carpentry and Cabinet-making	...	...	...	...	...
	Cement, Lime and Pottery.	...	...	...	...	...
	Glass ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Saw mill ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Stone dressing ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	...	1	...	...	1
Processes connected with Skins and Hides.	Leather and Shoes ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tanneries ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	...	...	...	...	...
Gins and presses.	Cotton ginning and Baling.	...	22	36	74	...
	Jute presses ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	...	22	36	74	...

No. II—*continued.*

Kanara.	Hyderabad.	Karáchi.	Sukkur.	Thar and Párkar.	Nawábsháh.	Upper Sind Frontier.	Lárkhána.	Total.	Total for the year 1924.	Total for the year 1923.
...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	...	...
...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	31	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	...
...	1	5	...	...	...	...	...	92	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	70	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...
...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	79	...	...
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...
2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	20	...	...
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...
...	10	4	1	9	16	...	...	615	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	4	...	...
...	10	4	2	9	16	1	...	619	...	...

STATEMENT

Industry.		Town and Island of Bombay.	Ahmedabad.	Broach.	Kaira.	Panch Mahals.
2. *All other Factories*—concluded.						
Miscellaneous. Brushes	...	...	...	...	...	...
Canvas proofing	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fodder	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gramophone Records	...	...	...	...	...	...
Laundries	...	3	...	...	...	...
Reeds and Combs	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rope works	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rubber Goods	...	...	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	3	...	...	...	...
Grand Total	...	357	168	47	20	12

No. II—*concluded.*

Surat.	Thána.	Bombay Suburban.	East Khándesh.	West Khándesh.	Nasik.	Poona.	Sholapur.	Ahmednagar.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
57	11	30	150	72	18	33	33	28

N.B.—Revised Statements Nos. II & III have been prepared for the year 1925 and hence details for 1924 & 1923 have not been shown.

STATEMENT

Industry.	Satara.	Belgaum.	Bijápur.	Dhárwár.	Kolaba.
2. *All other Factories*—concluded.					
Miscellaneous. Brushes ...	...	...	...	...	...
Canvas proofing ...	...	...	...	...	...
Fodder ...	...	...	...	...	...
Gramophone Records ...	...	...	...	...	...
Laundries ...	...	...	...	...	...
Reeds and Combs ...	...	...	...	...	...
Rope works ...	...	...	...	...	...
Rubber Goods ...	...	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total ...	3	30	37	81	8

No. II—*concluded.*

Kánara.	Hyderabad.	Karáchi.	Sukkur.	Thar and Párkar.	Nawábsháh.	Upper Sind Frontier.	Lárkhána.	Total.	Total for the year 1924.	Total for the year 1923.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
5	14	54	16	9	16	5	44	1,358	1,211	1,120

STATEMENT

Average daily number of persons

Industry.	Town and Island of Bombay.	Ahmedabad.	Broach.	Kaira.	Panch Mahals.
1. Government and Local Fund Factories.					
Army Clothing	...	...	...	...	...
Breweries and Distilleries ...	...	...	...	...	42
Brick and Tiles ...	...	...	...	...	...
Carpentry	...	...	...	...	...
Cotton Mills	...	...	...	...	...
Dockyards	1,218	...	...	...	...
Electrical Engineering ...	...	...	...	...	...
Engineering (general)	2,540	...	...	...	...
Forage presses	...	...	...	...	...
Foundries	...	...	...	...	...
Gas-works	34	...	...	...	...
Jute mills	...	...	...	...	...
Leather and Shoes	...	...	...	...	...
Mints	547	...	...	...	...
Ordnance Factories	...	...	...	...	...
Printing presses	699	...	...	...	...
Railway workshops	9,356	...	...	...	...
Saw mills	...	...	...	...	...
Stone Dressing	...	...	...	...	...
Tanneries	...	...	...	...	...
Telegraphs	214	...	...	...	...
Water Pumping Stations ...	...	...	...	...	...
Woollen mills	...	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous	25	...	...	...	...
Total ...	14,633	...	...	...	42
2. All other Factories.					
Textiles. Cotton (Spinning, Weaving and other) factories ...	146,244	56,378	2,890	1,786	...
Hosiery	39	64	...	...	...
Jute mills	...	...	...	...	...
Silk mills	1,347	...	...	...	...
Woollen mills ...	1,700	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous ...	52	...	...	...	...
Total ...	149,382	56,442	2,890	1,786	...

No. III.

employed by different Industries.

Surat.	Thána.	Bombay Suburban.	East Khándesh.	West Khándesh.	Násik.	Poona.	Sholápur.	Ahmednagar.	Sátára.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	222	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	115	...	...	...	261	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	47	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	4,211	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	172	468	...	...	...
...	...	...	699	...	490	21	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	45	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	115	746	...	884	5,006	...	...	...
939	...	4,711	4,334	...	...	...	18,416	...	27
...	...	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	600	310	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
939	600	5,051	4,334	...	...	...	18,416	...	27

STATEMENT

Industry.	Belgaum.	Bijápur.	Dhárwár.	Kolába.	Kánara.
1. Government and Local Fund Factories—contd.					
Army Clothing ...	...	...	...	...	...
Breweries and Distilleries	63	...	...	...	...
Brick and Tiles ...	...	...	...	...	...
Carpentry ...	...	...	...	...	...
Cotton Mills ...	...	...	...	...	...
Dockyards ...	...	...	...	...	...
Electrical Engineering ...	...	...	...	...	...
Engineering (general) ...	...	...	..	...	...
Forage Presses ...	...	...	...	...	...
Foundries ...	...	...	...	...	...
Gas-works ...	...	...	...	...	...
Jute Mills ...	...	...	...	...	...
Leather and Shoes ...	...	...	...	...	...
Mints ...	...	...	...	...	...
Ordnance Factories ...	...	...	...	...	...
Printing presses ...	...	...	...	...	...
Railway workshops ...	...	...	...	...	...
Saw mills ...	...	...	...	...	161
Stone Dressing ...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanneries ...	...	...	...	...	...
Telegraphs ...	...	...	...	...	...
Water Pumping Stations ...	...	...	...	...	...
Woollen mills ...	...	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	63	...	...	...	161
2. All other Factories.					
Textiles. Cotton (Spinning, Weaving and other) factories ...	2,878	...	1,954	...	...
Textiles. Hosiery ...	...	...	...	...	...
Textiles. Jute mills ...	...	...	...	...	...
Textiles. Silk mills ...	...	...	...	...	...
Textiles. Woollen mills ...	...	...	...	...	...
Textiles. Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	2,878	...	1,954	...	...

No. III—*continued.*

Hyderabad.	Karáchi.	Sukkur.	Thar and Párkar.	Nawábshah.	Upper Sind Frontier.	Larkhána.	Total.	Total for the year 1924.	Total for the year 1923.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	30	...	...	...	...	...	357	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,218	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	601	...	...	...	...	...	3,517	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	18	...	...	...	...	...	99	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	547	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,211	...	...
...	133	...	...	...	...	...	1,472	...	...
...	2,378	2,292	...	...	...	...	15,236	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	161	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	214	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	45	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	...	...
...	3,160	2,292	...	...	...	...	27,102	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,40,557	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	133	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,347	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,610	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	52	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	244,699	...	...

STATEMENT

	Industry.	Town and Island of Bombay.	Ahmedabad.	Broach.	Kaira.	Panch Mahâls.
2.	*All other Factories*—contd.					
Engineering.	Coach Building and Motor Car repairing ...	860	...	...	...	...
	Electrical Engineering ...	82	...	...	...	...
	Electrical generating and transforming stations...	56	...	...	...	...
	General Engineering	2,551	332	...	...	...
	Kerosine tinning and packing	1,992	...	...	...	...
	Metal stamping ...	1,365	39	...	...	...
	Railway workshops ...	7,218	...	...	..	34
	Shipbuilding and engineering	3,370	...	...	...	...
	Steel Trunk, Lock and Cutlery	250	...	...	...	...
	Tramway works ...	900	...	...	...	...
	Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	18,644	371	...	...	34
Mineral and Metals.	Copper smelting ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Foundries	979	270	...	...	...
	Iron and steel smelting and steel rolling mills ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Lead smelting and lead rolling mills ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Mica	...	...	...	...	...
	Petroleum Refineries ...	..	...	...	...	...
	Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	979	270	...	...	...
Food, Drink and Tobacco.	Bakeries, Biscuit and Confectionery ...	148	...	...	...	...
	Breweries and Distilleries...	...	...	...	...	...
	Coffee	60	...	...	..	...
	Dairy produce ...	72	..	...	...	...
	Flour mills ...	881	67	23	...	86
	Food Canning and Bottling	...	...	...	...	...
	Ice and Aerated waters ...	505	...	...	...	...
	Rice mills	...	...	...	38	...
	Sugar	...	...	..	...	...
	Tea	...	...	...	...	...
	Tobacco	...	...	...	...	...
	Water pumping stations ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Miscellaneous ...	74	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	1,740	67	23	38	86

No. III—*continued*.

Surat.	Thána.	Bombay Suburban.	East Khándesh.	West Khándesh.	Násik.	Poona.	Sholapur.	Ahmednagar.	Sátára.
...	...	...	...	...	...	79	...	53	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	81	54	...	...
...	40	900	...	...	50	180	...	...	126
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	94	...	...	...	160	...	...	...
45	...	...	...	...	...	114	272	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
45	40	994	...	...	50	614	326	53	126
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	19	40	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
93	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
68	54	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	321	...	350	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	183	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	105	...
161	54	183	...	...	...	321	...	455	...

STATEMENT

	Industry.	Belgaum.	Bijápur.	Dhárwár.	Kolába.	Kanara.
2.	*All other Factories*—contd.					
Engineering.	Coach Building and Motor Car repairing ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Electrical Engineering ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Electrical generating and Transforming stations ...	..	...	...	244	...
	General Engineering ...	...	...	...	31	...
	Kerosine tinning and packing	...	...	...	...	...
	Metal stamping ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Railway workshops ...	94	...	3,614	...	...
	Shipbuilding and engineering	...	...	...	...	...
	Steel Trunk, Lock and Cutlery	...	...	...	...	...
	Tramway works ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	94	...	3,614	275	...
Mineral and Metals.	Copper smelting ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Foundries	...	...	...	...	...
	Iron and steel smelting and steel rolling mills ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Lead smelting and lead rolling mills ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Mica	...	...	...	...	...
	Petroleum Refineries ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	...	...	...	...	...
Food, Drink and Tobacco.	Bakeries, Biscuit and Confectionery ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Breweries and Distilleries.	...	...	...	...	...
	Coffee	...	...	...	...	...
	Dairy produce ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Flour mills	...	...	...	...	...
	Food Canning and Bottling.	...	...	...	...	...
	Ice and Aerated waters ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Rice mills	...	...	...	34	...
	Sugar	...	...	...	...	...
	Tea	...	...	...	...	...
	Tobacco	7	...	...	...	...
	Water pumping stations...	...	...	...	...	...
	Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	7	...	...	34	...

No. III—*continued.*

Hyderabad.	Karáchi.	Sukkur.	Thar and Párkar.	Nawábsháh	Upper Sind Frontier.	Larkhana.	Total.	Total for the year 1924.	Total for the year 1923.
...	58	...	...	...	...	...	1,050		
...	49	...	...	...	...	...	131		
...	100	...	...	...	...	...	535		
...	540	...	...	...	...	...	4,750		
...	968	...	...	...	...	..	2,960		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,658		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,391		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,370		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	250		
...	99	...	...	...	...	...	999		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	1,814	...	...	...	...	...	27,094		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,289		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,308		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	148		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	60		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	72		
...	361	155	...	...	...	...	1,666		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	33	...	...	...	...	..	538		
55	...	146	...	...	43	612	1,050		
...	12	...	...	...	...	...	683		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	190		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	336	...	...	...	...	...	515		
55	742	301	...	...	43	612	4,922		

STATEMENT

Industry.	Town and Island of Bombay.	Ahmedabad.	Broach.	Kaira.	Panch Mahals.
2. *All other Factories*—contd.					
Chemicals, Dyes, etc. — Bone and Manures ...	...	...	..	...	...
Chemicals ...	132	..	...	...	...
Dyeing and Bleaching ...	2,761	275	...	...	...
Gas Works	361	...	...	...	...
Indigo	...	...	...	...	..
Lac	..	...	...	...	...
Matches	...	342	...	...	...
Oil mills	254	240	...	40	30
Paints	51	...	...	...	...
Soaps	79	...	...	...	...
Turpentine and rosin ...	...	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous ...	374	20	...		...
Total ...	4,012	877	...	40	30
Paper and Printing. — Paper mills	216	...	...	...	...
Paper pulp	...	...	...	...	...
Printing, Book-binding, etc.	4,607	18	...	...	...
Miscellaneous ...	421	...	...	...	...
Total ...	5,244	18	...	...	...
Processes relating to Wood, Stone and Glass. — Brick and tiles ...	...	...	...	...	...
Carpentry and cabinet making	163	...	...	...	...
Cement, Lime and Potteries	...	...	...	...	...
Glass	72	...	...	...	...
Saw mills	509	...	...	...	...
Stone dressing ...	...	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous ...	30	...	...	...	...
Total ...	774	...	...	...	...
Processes connected with Skins and Hides. — Leather and shoes ...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanneries ...	98	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	98	...	...	...	...

No. III—*continued.*

Surat.	Thána.	Bombay Suburban.	East Khándesh.	West Khándesh.	Násik.	Poona.	Sholapur.	Ahmednagar.	Sátára.
...	226	105	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	155	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	170	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
307	318	4,575	...	...	...	...	...	...	94
53	...	...	15	235	...	...	...	...	..
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...
360	544	5,005	15	235	...	...	...	...	94
...	...	...	...	...	...	74	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
56	91	139	...	...	...	751	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	40	...	...	...
56	91	139	...	...	...	865	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	88	...	...	...
21	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	129	...	...	...	...	37	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	145	...	...	...	...	125	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

STATEMENT

Industry.		Belgaum.	Bijápur.	Dharwar.	Kolába.	Kanara.
2. *All other Factories*—contd.						
Chemicals, Dyes, etc.	Bone and Manures ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Chemicals	...	...	...	...	...
	Dyeing and Bleaching ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Gas works	..	...	...	...	...
	Indigo	...	...	...	...	...
	Lac	...	...	...	...	...
	Matches	31	...	..	...	...
	Oil mills	72	190	20	...	...
	Paints	...	...	..	...	...
	Soap	...	...	...	...	...
	Turpentine and rosine ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Miscellaneous ...	...	...	....	61	...
	Total ...	103	190	20	61	...
Paper and Printing.	Paper mills	...	...	...	...	...
	Paper pulp	...	...	...	...	...
	Printing, Book-binding, etc.	...	...	...	...	...
	Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	..
	Total ...	...	...		...	...
Processes relating to Wood, Stone and Glass.	Brick and tiles ...	82	...	...	67	...
	Carpentry and cabinet making	...	...	...	...	...
	Cement, Lime and Potteries	...	...	...	...	...
	Glass	...	...	...	...	...
	Saw mills	...	...	...	...	29
	Stone dressing ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	82	...	...	67	29
Processes connected with Skins and Hides.	Leather and shoes ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tanneries ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	...	...	...	...	...

No. III—*continued.*

Hyderabad.	Karáchi.	Sukkur.	Thar and Párkar.	Náwábsháh.	Upper Sind Frontier.	Larkána.	Total.	Total for the year 1924.	Total for the year 1923.
185	661	...	....	...	...	...	1,177		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	287		
...	...	...	...	...	...		3,206		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	361		
...	...		...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,667		
...	58	...	...	...	...	...	1,207		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	51		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	79		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	9	...	...	...	...	...	464		
185	728	...	...	...	...	...	12,499		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	290		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	234	...	...	...	...	...	5,896		
...	...	..	...	...	...	...	461		
...	234	...	...	...	...	...	6,647		
...	42	...	...	...	...	...	191		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	163		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	160		
...	26	...	...	...	...	...	601		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	166		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	80		
...	68	...	...	...	...	...	1,311		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	111		
...	99	...	...	...	...	...	99		
...	99	...	...	...	...	...	210		

STATEMENT

Industry.		Town and Island of Bombay.	Ahmedabad.	Broach.	Kaira.	Panch Mahals.
2. *All other Factories*—concld.						
Gins and presses.	Cotton ginning and baling	770	4,233	3,995	1,060	490
	Jute presses ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	770	4,233	3,995	1,060	490
Miscellaneous.	Brushes ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Canvas proofing ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Fodder ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Gramaphone Records ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Laundries ...	184	...	...	...	...
	Reeds and Combs ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Rope work ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Rubber goods ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	184	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total ...	196,460	62,278	6,908	2,924	682

No. III—*concluded.*

Surat.	Thána.	Bombay Suburban.	East Khándesh.	West Khándesh.	Násik.	Poona.	Sholapur.	Ahmednagar.	Sátára.
2,764	...	...	10,078	6,136	1,092	...	1,280	1,002	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	27	...	...	...	...	...
2,764	...	...	10,078	6,163	1,092	...	1,280	1,002	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4,359	1,474	11,538	15,213	6,398	2,026	6,931	20,022	1,510	247

STATEMENT

Industry.	Belgaum.	Bijápur.	Dhárwár.	Kolába.	Kanara.
2. *All other Factories*—concld.					
Gins and presses. Cotton ginning and baling	1,170	2,056	3,695	...	...
Gins and presses. Jute presses	...	...	...	...	...
Gins and presses. Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	...
Total	1,170	2,056	3,695	...	...
Miscellaneous. Brushes	...	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous. Canvas proofing	...	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous. Fodder	...	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous. Gramaphone Records	...	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous. Laundries	...	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous. Reeds and Combs	...	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous. Rope work	...	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous. Rubber goods	...	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous. Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total	4,397	2,246	9,283	437	190

No. III—*concluded.*

Hyderabad.	Karáchi.	Sukkur.	Thar and Párkar.	Nawábshah.	Upper Sind Frontier.	Larkana.	Total.	Total for the year 1924.	Total for the year 1923.
1,058	140	50	1,123	2,195	...	...	44,387	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	18	...	...	20	...	65	...	...
1,058	140	68	1,123	2,195	20	...	44,452	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	184	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	216	...	...
1,298	6,985	2,661	1,123	2,195	63	612	370,460	354,853	356,480

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC

STATEMENT

Average daily number

Industry.	Town and Island of Bombay.	Ahmedabad.	Broach.	Kaira.	Panch Mahals.	Surat.	Thána.
All Industries.							
Adults—							
Male ...	161,358	46,702	4,265	2,235	462	2,417	952
Female ...	34,510	12,594	2,153	533	208	1,881	457
Total ..	195,868	59,296	6,418	2,768	670	4,298	1,409
Children—							
Male ...	453	2,240	376	144	3	34	39
Female ..	139	742	114	12	9	27	26
Total ...	592	2,982	490	156	12	61	65
Total, Average Daily Number ...	196,460	62,278	6,908	2,924	682	4,359	1,474
Cotton Spinning and Weaving Mills.							
Adults—							
Male ...	113,580	42,564	2,012	1,466	...	728	...
Female ...	32,396	10,874	536	178	...	185	...
Total ...	145,976	53,438	2,548	1,644	...	913	..
Children—							
Male ...	139	2,210	289	142	...	19	...
Female ...	129	730	53	...	...	7	...
Total ...	268	2,940	342	142	...	26	...
Total, Average Daily Number ...	146,244	56,378	2,890	1,786	...	939	...
Ginning and Pressing Factories.							
Adults—							
Male ...	526	2,621	2,238	701	282	1,354	...
Female ...	244	1,592	1,609	345	196	1,381	...
Total ...	770	4,213	3,847	1,046	478	2,735	...
Children—							
Male ...	...	10	87	2	3	14	...
Female ..	...	10	61	12	9	15	...
Total ...	...	20	148	14	12	29	...
Total, Average Daily Number ...	770	4,233	3,995	1,060	490	2,764	...

No. IV.

of persons employed.

Bombay Sub-urban.	East Khándesh.	West Khándesh.	Násik.	Poona.	Shola-pur.	Ahmed-nagar.	Sátára.
7,905	9,218	3,129	1,361	6,592	13,531	986	193
2,964	5,680	3,269	659	92	4,775	523	43
10,869	14,898	6,398	2,020	6,684	18,306	1,509	236
476	315	...	6	246	1,528	1	9
193	...	...	...	1	188	...	2
669	315	...	6	247	1,716	1	11
11,538	15,213	6,398	2,026	6,931	20,022	1,510	247
3,656	3,548	...	...	...	12,588	...	17
969	471	...	...	...	4,112	...	10
4,625	4,019	...	...	...	16,700	...	27
54	315	...	...	...	1,528	...	..
32	...	...	...	...	188	...	...
86	315	...	...	...	1,716	...	...
4,711	4,334	...	...	...	18,416	...	27
...	4,955	2,959	457	...	621	499	...
...	5,123	3,177	629	...	659	503	...
...	10,078	6,136	1,086	...	1,280	1,002	...
...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...
...	10,078	6,136	1,092	...	1,280	1,002	...

STATEMENT

Industry.	Belgaum.	Bijapur.	Dharwar.	Kolaba.	Kanara.	Hyderabad.
All Industries.						
Adults—						
Male ...	2,181	1,122	6,562	367	152	603
Female ...	1,751	1,104	2,545	63	38	468
Total ...	4,232	2,226	9,107	430	190	1,071
Children—						
Male ...	86	10	111	7	...	150
Female ...	79	10	65	...	...	77
Total ...	165	20	176	7	...	227
Total, Average Daily Number ...	4,397	2,246	9,283	437	190	1,298
Cotton Spinning and Weaving Mills.						
Adults—						
Male ...	1,657	...	1,370	...	...	...
Female ...	1,083	...	412	...	...	...
Total ...	2,740	...	1,782	...	...	...
Children—						
Male ...	70	...	107	...	...	...
Female ...	68	...	65	...	...	...
Total ...	138	...	172	...	...	...
Total, Average Daily Number ...	2,878	...	1,954	...	...	...
Ginning and Pressing Factories.						
Adults—						
Male ...	560	1,002	1,574	...	...	493
Female ...	610	1,054	2,117	...	...	338
Total ...	1,170	2,056	3,691	...	...	831
Children—						
Male ...	...	...	4	...	...	150
Female ...	...	...	...	...	...	77
Total ...	...	...	4	...	...	227
Total, Average Daily Number ...	1,170	2,056	3,695	...	...	1,058

No. IV—*concluded.*

Karachi.	Sukkur.	Thar and Parkar.	Nawab-shah.	Upper Sind Frontier.	Lar-kana.	Total.	Total for the year 1924.	Total for the year 1923.
6,394	2,632	853	1,238	63	553	284,376	272,395	275,613
560	14	204	478	...	58	77,624	72,679	69,456
6,954	2,646	1,057	1,766	63	611	362,000	345,074	345,069
31	11	40	275	...	1	6,592	7,528	8,862
...	4	26	154	..	...	1,868	2,251	2,549
31	15	66	429	...	1	8,460	9,779	11,411
6,985	2,661	1,123	2,195	63	612	370,460	354,853	356,480
...	...	...	...	...	...	183,186	178,397	180,548
...	...	...	..	...	...	51,226	48,452	46,848
...	...		...	...	...	234,412	226,849	227,396
...	...	...	...	...	...	4,873	5,836	7,493
...	...	...	...	...	...	1,272	1,687	2,247
...	...	...	...	...	...	6,145	7,523	9,740
...	...	...	...	...	...	240,557	234,372	237,136
138	30	853	1,288	...	...	23,151	21,007	...
2	10	204	478	...	...	20,271	19,305	...
140	40	1,057	1,766	...	...	43,422	40,312	...
...	6	40	275	...	...	597	722	...
...	4	26	154	...	...	368	398	...
...	10	66	429	...	...	965	1,120	...
140	50	1,123	2,195	...	...	44,387	41,432	...

STATEMENT

Intervals, Holidays

District.	Number of							
	Total.	In which intervals are granted under		In which holidays are granted on		In which		
						For men.		
		Section 21 (1) (*a*) (*i*).	Section 21 (1) (*a*) (*ii*).	Sundays only.	Week days and Sunday.	Not above 48.	Above 48 and not above 54.	Above 54.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bombay ...	357	310	8	115	224	90	61	195
Ahmedabad ...	168	158	...	1	164	2	3	160
Broach ...	47	46	...	...	47	...	...	47
Kaira ...	20	19	...	1	19	...	...	20
Panch Mahals ...	12	8	...	2	9	1	...	11
Surat ...	57	49	...	3	48	4	1	46
Thana ...	11	11	...	2	9	1	2	8
Bombay Suburban ...	30	28	1	10	19	5	5	20
East Khandesh ...	150	141	5	30	117	1	5	141
West Khandesh ...	72	63	..	...	69	...	1	68
Nasik ...	18	17	...	3	14	2	3	13
Poona ...	33	27	2	17	12	16	5	10
Sholapur ...	33	32	...	2	30	2	...	31
Ahmednagar ...	28	19	...	5	21	2	2	23
Satara ...	3	3	...	...	3	...	...	3
Belgaum ...	30	28	...	11	18	3	2	25
Bijapur ...	37	36	...	11	26	1	2	34
Dharwar ...	81	78	1	11	69	7	1	72
Kolaba ...	8	4	1	1	4	2	1	5
Kanara ...	5	5	...	1	4	2	3	...
Hyderabad ...	14	14	...	1	13	1	...	13
Karachi ...	54	37	2	12	35	6	13	33
Sukkur ...	16	14	...	3	12	3	1	11
Thar and Parkar ...	9	9	...	...	9	...	...	9
Nawabshah ...	16	16	...	...	16	...	...	16
Upper Sind Frontier	5	5	...	...	5	1	...	4
Larkana	44	40	...	2	38	22	1	17
Total ...	1,358	1,217	20	244	1,054	174	112	1,035
Total for 1924 ...	1,211	1,102	18	217	951	158	102	927

No. V.

and Hours.

Factories.

normal weekly hours are :— For women. Not above 48.	Above 48 and not above 54.	Above 54.	For children. Not above 30.	Above 30.	In which Majority of operatives are exempted from Section 21.	Section 22.
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
43	67	80	23	35	28	7
2	7	138	59	10	7	...
...	...	44	11	7	1	...
3	...	16	3	...	1	...
...	...	8	1	...	4	1
4	4	38	5	2	2	...
1	1	6	...	3	...	...
5	5	14	6	11	1	1
1	31	108	5	...	1	...
...	1	65	...	...	6	...
...	5	10	...	1	1	1
5	...	3	...	3	3	3
1	...	29	3	1	1	1
3	5	14	1	...	3	1
...	...	3	...	1	...	...
1	4	23	3	1	2	1
2	1	33	...	1	1	...
4	2	67	3	...	1	...
2	1	2	...	1	3	3
2	3	...	...	...	...	...
4	...	8	1	7	...	...
2	6	11	...	4	13	5
...	1	1	...	2	1	...
...	...	9	...	3	...	...
3	...	13	4	7	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	2	7	...	1	...	...
91	146	750	133	106	85	24
85	125	676	112	119	63	20

STATEMENT No. V—*concluded.*

District.	Number of Factories—*contd.*		Remarks.
	In which Majority of operatives are exempted from—*contd.*		
	Section 27.	Section 28.	
1	17	18	
Bombay ...	...	...	Eleven factories did not furnish information.
Ahmedabad ...	...	...	Three factorfes did not furnish information.
Broach ...	...	...	
Kaira ...	...	...	
Panch Mahals ...	...	..	
Surat ...	...	...	Six factories did not furnish information.
Thana ...	...	...	
Bombay Suburban ...	...	...	
East Khandesh ...	...	...	Three factories did not furnish information.
West Khandesh ...	...	...	Three factories did not furnish information.
Nasik ...	...	...	
Poona ...	...	...	One factory did not furnish information.
Sholapur ...	...	...	
Ahmednagar ...	...	...	One factory did not furnish information.
Satara ...	...	...	
Belgaum ...	...	...	
Bijapur ..	...	...	
Dharwar ...	...	...	One factory did not furnish information.
Kolaba ...	...	...	
Kanara ...	...	...	
Hyderabad ...	...	...	
Karachi ...	...	...	Two factories did not furnish information.
Sukkur ...	...	...	One factory did not furnish information.
Thar and Parkar ...	...	...	
Nawabshah ...	...	...	
Upper Sind Frontier ...	...	...	
Larkana ...	...	...	Four factories did not furnish information.
Total ...	...	...	
Total for 1924 ...	...	...	

STATEMENT No. VI.

Accidents.

District.	Fatal.	Serious.	Minor.	Total.	Remarks.
Bombay	24	339	2,022	2,385	
Ahmedabád	10	132	142	284	
Broach	3	5	5	13	
Kaira	...	3	...	3	
Panch Maháls	...	...	...	...	
Surat	1	...	3	4	
Thána	...	1	...	1	
Bombay Suburban	...	32	26	58	
East Khándesh	3	7	22	32	
West Khándesh	2	1	5	8	
Násik	...	...	5	5	
Poona	2	2	12	16	
Sholápur	1	35	67	103	
Ahmednagar	1	2	1	4	
Sátára	...	...	...	...	
Belgaum	...	6	4	10	
Bijápur	...	...	...	...	
Dhárwár	...	16	41	57	
Kolába	...	1	8	9	
Kanara	...	...	...	...	
Hyderabad	...	1	...	1	
Karáchi	1	12	39	52	
Sukkur	1	3	59	63	
Thar and Párkar	...	1	2	3	
Nawábsháh	1	...	3	4	
Upper Sind Frontier ...	...	...	...	...	
Larkhana	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	50	599	2,466	3,115	
Total for the year 1924 ...	82	170	2,354	2,606	
Total for the year 1923 ...	22	108	684	814	

STATEMENT

Convic

District.	Number of convictions						
	Section 41 (*a*).	Section 41 (*b*).	Section 41 (*c*).	Section 41 (*d*).	Section 41 (*e*).	Section 41 (*f*).	Section 41 (*g*).
Bombay ...	32	...	...	...	...	3	...
Ahmedabad ...	44	...	...	...	...	4	...
Broach ...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kaira ...	32	...	...	...	...	...	...
Panch Maháls ...	12	...	...	...	..	1	...
Surat ...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...
Thána ...	20	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay Suburban ...	75	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Khándesh ...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
West Khándesh ...	22	...	...	...	...	...	...
Násik ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Poona ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sholápur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmednagar ...	20	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sátára ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Belgaum ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
Bijápur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dhárwár ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kolába ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kanara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hyderabad ...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Karáchi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sukkur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Carried over ...	289	...	...	...	....	8	...

No. VII.

tions.

obtained during the year under							Remarks.
Section 41 (*h*).	Section 41 (*i*).	Section 41 (*j*).	Section 43 (*a*).	Section 43 (*b*).	Section 43 (*c*).	Total.	
1	...	...	...	...	...	36[12]	
2	...	1	...	...	2	53[16]	
...	...	...	...	...	...	15[2]	
...	...	...	...	...	...	32[3]	
...	...	...	...	...	...	13[3]	
...	...	...	...	...	...	9[5]	
1	...	...	...	...	...	21[1]	
...	...	...	...	...	...	75[3] (*a*)	(*a*) One man was twice convicted.
...	...	...	...	...	...	4[1]	
...	...	...	...	...	...	22[3]	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	20[2]	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	...	...	1[1]	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	4[1]	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	...	2	...	...	2	305[53]	

STATEMENT

District.	Number of convictions						
	Section 41 (*a*).	Section 41 (*b*).	Section 41 (*c*).	Section 41 (*d*).	Section 41 (*e*).	Section 41 (*f*).	Section 41 (*g*).
Brought forward ...	289	...	...	...	...	8	...
Thar and Párkar ...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...
Nawábsháh ...	14	...	...	...	.	...	...
Upper Sind Frontier	...	...	...	...	..	..	...
Lárkana ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	303	...	...	...	...	8	...
Total for the year 1924	191	1	1	...	...	17	1
Total for the year 1923	10	...	..	...	...	6	1

NOTE.—Figures in square brackets show

No. VII—*concluded.*

obtained during the year under							Remarks.
Section 41 (*h*).	Section 41 (*i*).	Section 41 (*j*).	Section 43 (*a*).	Section 43 (*b*).	Section 43 (*c*).	Total.	
4	...	2	...	...	2	305[53]	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	...	...	...	...	15[4]	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	...	2	...	...	2	320[57]	
10	1	3	...	...	...	225[64] (*b*)	(*b*) 15 cases pending of last year have since been decided successfully and two persons were convicted.
...	...	1	...	...	...	18	

the number of persons convicted.

STATEMENT No. VIII.

Inspections.

District.	Number of factories inspected during the year.					Not inspected.	Grand Total.	Remarks.
	Once.	Twice.	Thrice.	More than three times.	Total.			
Bombay ...	54	180	53	68	355	2	357	
Ahmedabad ...	72	81	8	3	164	4	168	
Broach ...	36	9	...	...	45	2	47	
Kaira ...	18	1	...	...	19	1	20	
Panch Mahals ...	8	2	...	...	10	2	12	
Surat ...	38	10	4	...	52	5	57	
Thána ...	5	6	...	...	11	...	11	
Bombay Suburban ...	9	16	3	2	30	...	30	
East Khándesh ...	113	31	6	...	150	...	150	
West Khándesh ...	52	6	11	...	69	3	72	
Násik ...	10	8	...	...	18	...	18	
Poona ...	29	3	...	...	32	1	33	
Sholápur ...	28	4	...	...	32	1	33	
Ahmednagar ...	10	10	6	2	28	...	28	
Sátára ...	3	...	...	...	3	...	3	
Belgaum ...	30	...	...	...	30	...	30	
Bijápur ...	15	21	...	...	36	1	37	
Dhárwár ...	59	20	2	...	81	...	81	
Kolába ...	4	3	...	...	7	1	8	
Kanara ...	4	1	...	...	5	...	5	
Hyderabad ...	11	2	1	...	14	...	14	
Karáchi ...	18	27	6	...	51	3	54	
Sukkur ...	13	3	...	...	16	...	16	
Thar and Párkar ...	9	...	...	...	9	...	9	
Nawábsháh ...	15	1	...	...	16	...	16	
Carried over ...	663	445	100	75	1,283	26	1,309	

STATEMENT No. VIII—*concluded.*

District.	Number of factories inspected during the year.					Not inspected.	Grand Total.	Remarks.
	Once.	Twice	Thrice.	More than three times.	Total.			
Brought forward ...	663	445	100	75	1,283	26	1,309	
Upper Sind Frontier	5	...	...	...	5	...	5	
Larkhana ...	43	...	...	...	43	1	44	
Total ...	711	445	100	75	1,331	27	1,358	
Total for the year 1924	791	258	74	36	1,159	52	1,211	
Total for the year 1923	657	222	119	51	1,049	71	1,120	

W. H. PHILLIPS,
Ag. Chief Inspector of Factories,
Bombay Presidency.

Factory Inspection Office,
Old Custom House, Fort,
Bombay, 7th May 1926.

B 2—10

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